

Examining Treatment Implementation in Secondary Education Settings

for Students with ASD

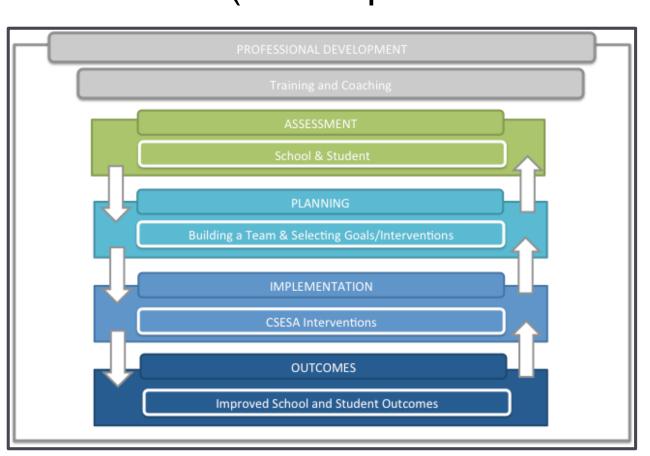


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About CSESA

The Center on Secondary Education for Students with Autism Spectrum Disorder (CSESA) is a 5-year research and development project that focuses on developing, adapting, and studying a comprehensive school- and community-based education program for high school students on the autism spectrum. The CSESA Model consists of the 5-phase CSESA process (see diagram below) that addresses 4 CSESA domain areas using 11 CSESA interventions (see implementation section).



Background

CSESA is a complex social intervention and requires thorough measurement of implementation, including an assessment of project resources (e.g. training and coaching), project activities (e.g. implementation of CSESA interventions), and project outcomes (e.g. student performance on standardized measures).

With consultation from Dr. Dave Cordray, the CSESA team developed an implementation index that includes:

- Individual fidelity measures per component designed to:
 - Measure adherence, dosage, and quality of delivery for each component
 - Differentiate between CSESA and non-CSESA interventions (counterfactual)
- Process fidelity measure designed to:
 - Capture the larger CSESA process including professional development, assessment, planning, implementation, and outcomes

Research Question

The pilot years of the study were used to develop and assess the fidelity tool to capture the complex, comprehensive intervention program. The research question was:

Do CSESA fidelity measures discriminate between sites implementing and not implementing program features?

Participants

- > 6 schools across 5 different states
- School staff (n=56)
- > Autism team of special education teachers, general education teachers, administrators
- Students (n=43)
- > 6-8 per school
- Educational label of autism

Grade	9 th	10 th	11 th	12 th	Other	
N=43	7	9	14	11	2	
Race/ Ethnicity	AI/AN	BL/AA	Multi- racial	White	Other	Hispanic
N=43	2	2	3	34	2	8
HH Income	<20K	20-39K	40-59K	60-79K	80-99K	>99K
N=37	3	9	8	5	4	8

Study Design

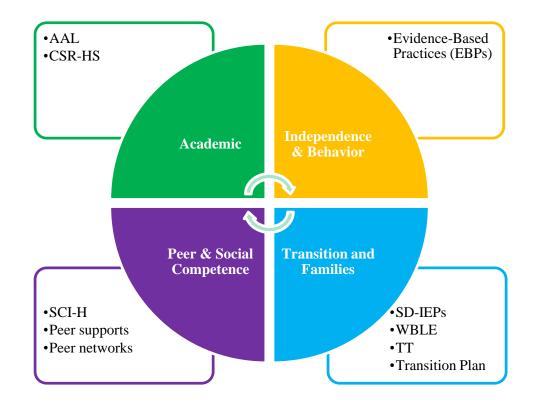
- > Researchers used a contrasting features design, in which each site served as both an intervention and control for different features (domains) of the CSESA Model
- Each of the four CSESA domains were designated to be piloted at 3 different sites in order to assess every possible combination of the CSESA domains

	NC-1	NC-2	TN	TX	WI	CA
Academic		X		X		
Independence & Behavior	X			X	X	
Peer & Social Competence	X		X			X
Transition & Families		X	X		X	

CSESA Implementation

Autism team members at schools received the following RESOURCES across a 1 year period:

- TRAINING
- > Introduction to CSESA training
- Goal Attainment Scale training
- CSESA Intervention trainings
- > COACHING
 - Goal Attainment Scale
- CSESA Interventions
- > MATERIALS
- Intervention manuals
- On-line resources



Fidelity Procedures

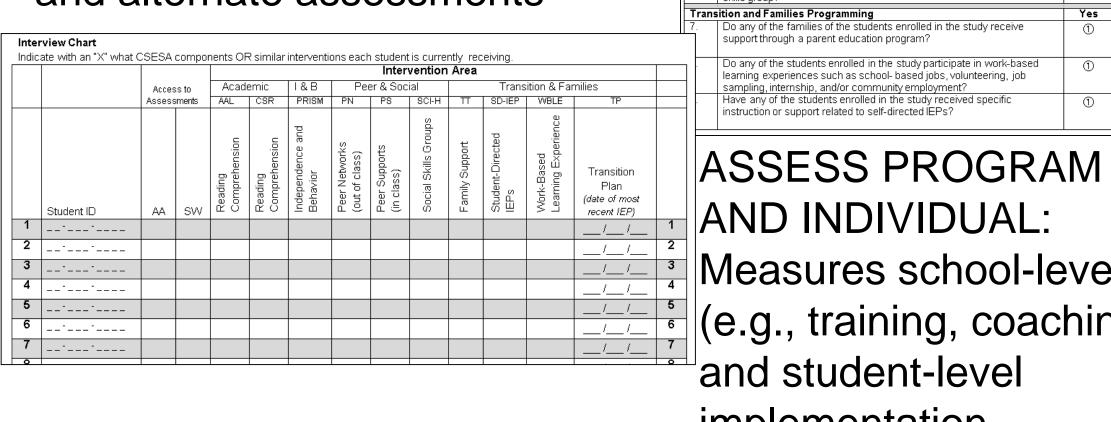
> The implementation index was administered by project staff in 4 steps to gather data about.

STEPS	Purpose	Methods	Informants
1. Interview Probes	Determine program- level & student-level implementation	Interview about training, coaching, and interventions	Autism Team lead
2. Planning	Randomly select students and plan for observations	Identify students receiving intervention and randomly select 2	Autism Team lead & Autism team
3. Observations	Assess adherence, dosage, & quality	Observe student receiving each intervention	School staff
4. IEP Reviews	Assess quality of transition plans	Review transition plans with rubric	N/A

Fidelity Measures

Key Features

AVOID BIAS: Determine all students who receive a given intervention and randomly select one student accessing state-wide and alternate assessments



Measures school-level 🖆 (e.g., training, coaching) and student-level implementation Peer and Social (Peer Networks - ALT)

(individual fidelity observations)

CONSISTENCY OF MEASURES: Observation measures for individual interventions designed on a consistent scale (0 – 3) examining similar categories of features (e.g., dosage, preparation & structure, process, strategies)

Findings

The data indicate clearly that the CSESA fidelity measures discriminate between the CSESA and contrast conditions. The structured social skills group, SCI-H, had the highest level of implementation, with work based learning (WBLE) implemented at the lowest level. The transition plans were most similar across the CSESA and contract conditions.

DOMAINS	INTERVENTIONS	CSESA	CONTRAST
ACADEMIC	AAL	2.82	.36
	CSR-HS	2.38	.38
NDEPENDENCE & BEHAVIOR	PRISM	1.75	0
PEER & SOCIAL COMPETENCE	Peer Networks	2.10	.45
	Peer Supports	2.05	0
	SCI-H	2.82	0
FRANSTION & FAMILIES	SI-IEP	1.95	0
	Transition Plans	1.89	1.7
	TT	2.56	0
	WBLE	1.31	.17
	WBLE	1.31	.17

Conclusion

- The measure of implementation of complex social interventions must be systematic and should include clear specification of the intervention model (including identifying project resources and activities, as well as methods to measure all aspects).
- Fidelity measures should measure intervention components in the control condition, as demonstrated in this examination.
- > The implementation index is currently in use the RCT of CSESA across 60 schools in three states.

References

- Cordray, D. (2008). Assessing intervention and control conditions in RCTs: Concepts and methods. Presentation for the IES/NCER Summer Research Training Institute: Cluster-Randomized Trials
- Nelson, M. C., Cordray, D. S., Hulleman, C. S., Darrow, C. L., & Sommer, E. C. (2012). A procedure for assessing intervention fidelity in experiments testing educational and behavioral interventions. The journal of behavioral health services & research, 39(4), 374-396.

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